

Chromatography

ALUGRAM[®] Xtra

State of the Art TLC Aluminium Sheets

*NEW
now with
nano silica and
concentrating zone*

200 μ m



**outstanding wettability
easy and reliable
excellent separation efficiency**

MACHEREY-NAGEL

www.mn-net.com



Since 1911

ALUGRAM® Xtra SIL G · aluminium sheets unmodified standard silica layers on aluminium for TLC

- outstanding wettability for precise colorization results, even with 100 % aqueous eluents
- excellent separation efficiency and reproducibility from lot to lot
- easy and reliable cutting due to an optimized binder system, no flaking of silica

Silica 60, specific surface (BET) ~ 500 m²/g, mean pore size 60 Å, specific pore volume 0.75 mL/g, **particle size 5–17 µm**

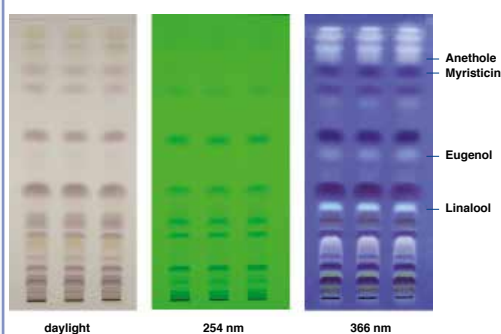
Indicator: manganese activated zinc silicate with green fluorescence for short-wave UV (254 nm); special inorganic fluorescent pigment with blue fluorescence for long-wave UV (366 nm)

Binder: highly polymeric product, which is stable in almost all organic solvents and resistant towards aggressive visualization reagents; binder system for ALUGRAM® Xtra is also completely stable in purely aqueous eluents.

Ordering information

Plate size [cm]	2.5 x 7.5	4 x 8	5 x 7.5	5 x 10	5 x 20	10 x 20	20 x 20	Thickness of layer	Fluorescent indicator
Pack of [plates]	200	50	20	50	50	20	25		
ALUGRAM® Xtra SIL G · aluminium sheets with standard silica									
SIL G			818230.20	818261	818232		818233	0.20 mm	–
SIL G/UV ₂₅₄	818329	818331	818330.20	818360	818332	818362	818333	0.20 mm	UV ₂₅₄

Separation of nutmeg ingredients



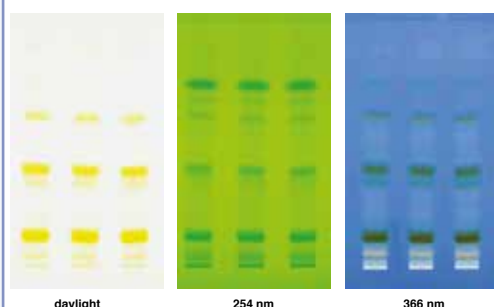
Sample solution: shake 1.0 g freshly powdered drug for 3 min with 4 mL methanol and filter; apply 10 µL
 Layer: ALUGRAM® Xtra SIL G UV₂₅₄
 Eluent: toluene – ethyl acetate (95:5, v/v)
 Migration distance: 15 cm
 Detection: 254 nm: underivatized
 daylight and 366 nm: spray with 5 % ethanolic sulphuric acid, 1 % vanillic acid and heat to 105 °C

MN Appl. No. 403590



The chromatograms show the following zones with increasing R_f values: linalool (bluish grey), eugenol (yellowish brown), myristicin (reddish brown), and anethole (pink-violet). Other colored zones may appear.

Separation of saffron ingredients



Sample solution: stir 10 mg drug with 50 µL water in a small glass reaction tube. After 3 minutes add 1 mL methanol and store the solution for 20 minutes in the dark. Afterwards filter through a CHROMAFIL® Xtra GF-100/25 filter; apply 10 µL

Layer: ALUGRAM® Xtra SIL G UV₂₅₄
 Eluent: ethyl acetate – 2-propanol – water (65:25:10, v/v/v)
 Migration distance: 10 cm
 Detection: the sheet is dried with a hair dryer and analyzed under daylight, UV 254 nm and 366 nm.

The chromatograms show as main compound Naphtol yellow S. Other colored zones may appear.

MN Appl. No. 403600

NEW

ALUGRAM® Xtra SILGUR · aluminium sheets standard silica layers with concentrating zone for TLC

- 🔸 **concentrating zone:** valuable aid for manual application and time saving
- 🔸 **excellent separation efficiency**
- 🔸 **easy cutting and outstanding wettability**

Silica 60, specific surface (BET) ~ 500 m²/g, mean pore size 60 Å, specific pore volume 0.75 mL/g, **particle size 5–17 µm**

Kieselguhr zone for rapid sample application: because kieselguhr is completely inert towards a large number of compounds, the samples always form a narrow band at the interface of the two adsorbents, irrespective of shape, size or position of the spots in the concentrating zone (see figure). Separation then takes place in the silica layer.

Ordering information

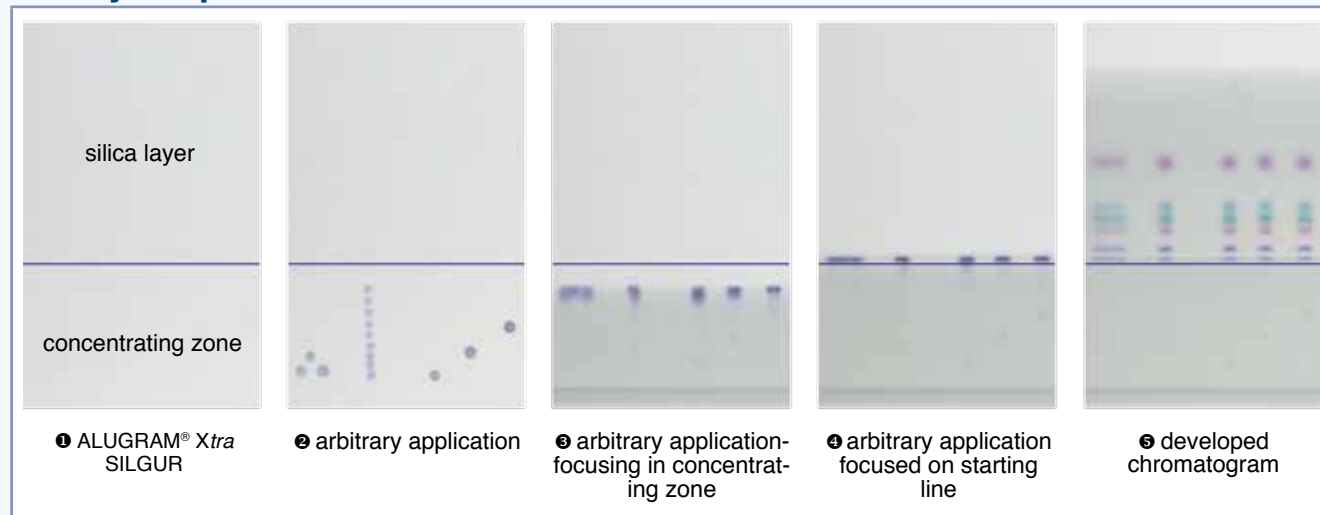
Plate size [cm]	10 x 20	20 x 20	Thickness of layer	Fluorescent indicator
Pack of [plates]	20	25		

NEW

ALUGRAM® Xtra · aluminium sheets standard silica layers with concentrating zone

SILGUR	818412	818413	0.20 mm	–
SILGUR UV ₂₅₄	818422	818423	0.20 mm	UV ₂₅₄

Save your precious time!



A valuable aid for manual application especially of large volumes of very dilute samples is the concentrating zone ①, which consists of a chromatography inactive adsorbent (kieselguhr). The substances to be separated are concentrated to a narrow band in the concentrating zone ③. The separation starts at the beginning of the chromatographically active adsorbent silica ④.

Concentrating zone as “rapid application zone” - quantitative evaluation of chromatograms is possible, even if samples applied irregular ②. TLC layers with concentrating zone facilitate the handling and also save time in analysis.

NEW

ALUGRAM® Xtra Nano-SIL G · aluminium sheets nano silica layers for HPTLC

- sharper separations in shorter development time and shorter migration distances
- smaller samples and an increased detection sensitivity
- easy cutting and outstanding wettability

Nano silica 60, specific surface (BET) ~ 500 m²/g, mean pore size 60 Å, specific pore volume 0.75 mL/g, particle size 2–10 µm

Ordering information

Plate size [cm]	5 x 20	20 x 20	Thickness of layer	Fluorescent indicator
Pack of [plates]	50	25		

NEW

ALUGRAM® Xtra Nano-SIL G · aluminium sheets nano silica layers for HPTLC

Nano-SIL G	818240	818241	0.20 mm	–
Nano-SIL G/UV ₂₅₄	818342	818343	0.20 mm	UV ₂₅₄

NEW

ALUGRAM® Xtra Nano-SILGUR · aluminium sheets nano silica layers with concentrating zone for HPTLC

- sharper separations in shorter development time and shorter migration distances
- concentrating zone: valuable aid for manual application and time saving
- easy cutting and outstanding wettability

Nano silica 60, specific surface (BET) ~ 500 m²/g, mean pore size 60 Å, specific pore volume 0.75 mL/g, particle size 2–10 µm

Kieselguhr zone for rapid sample application: because kieselguhr is completely inert towards a large number of compounds, the samples always form a narrow band at the interface of the two adsorbents, irrespective of shape, size or position of the spots in the concentrating zone. Separation then takes place in the silica layer.

Ordering information

Plate size [cm]	10 x 10	Thickness of layer	Fluorescent indicator
Pack of [plates]	25		

NEW

ALUGRAM® Xtra · Nano-SILGUR aluminium sheets nano silica layers with concentrating zone for HPTLC

Nano-SILGUR	818432	0.20 mm	–
Nano-SILGUR UV ₂₅₄	818442	0.20 mm	UV ₂₅₄